

## CLINICAL LABORATORY IMPROVEMENT AMENDMENTS (CLIA) ALTERNATE QUALITY ASSESSMENT SURVEY

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-0650. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 2.5 hours per response including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, N2-14-26, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

CLIA Identification Number     D    

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Please complete the following: *(Please Print or Type)*

Laboratory Name			Name of Director		
Laboratory Owner			Telephone Number (include area code)		
Laboratory Address (No., Street)			Mailing Address (No., Street) <i>(if different)</i>		
City	State	Zip Code	City	State	Zip Code
Type of CLIA Certificate Currently Held			Contact Person in Laboratory		

	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>
Have any new testing sites been added under the current CLIA certificate since the last CLIA survey?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**PLEASE UPDATE/COMPLETE THE ENCLOSED FORM CMS-209, LABORATORY PERSONNEL REPORT (CLIA). DOCUMENTATION TO SUPPORT THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR ANY NEW DIRECTOR, TECHNICAL SUPERVISOR/CONSULTANT OR CLINICAL CONSULTANT MUST BE RETURNED WITH THIS FORM.**

1. a) Has your laboratory added any new test(s) since your last inspection? ☐ ☐

b) If yes, please list test(s) that you have added.

**TEST**

**MANUFACTURER'S KIT or EQUIPMENT USED**

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2. a) Has your laboratory made any changes in instruments or test methods since your last inspection? ☐ ☐

b) If yes, please list the changes you have made.

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3. Put an X by each test that your laboratory currently performs. Indicate your current annual test volume (excluding waived, proficiency tests, quality control, calibration and calculated tests) for each group of tests represented within each box. Include testing in all test sites registered under the certificate listed above. Refer to Appendix B for guidance on how to determine test volumes.

**Histocompatibility**

\_\_\_\_\_ HLA Typing  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**ANNUAL VOLUME:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Syphilis Serology**

\_\_\_\_\_ RPR  
\_\_\_\_\_ FTA, MHA-TP  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**General Immunology**

\_\_\_\_\_ Mononucleosis Assays  
\_\_\_\_\_ Rheumatoid Arthritis  
\_\_\_\_\_ Febrile Agglutinins  
\_\_\_\_\_ Cold Agglutinins  
\_\_\_\_\_ HIV  
\_\_\_\_\_ Antibody Assays (hepatitis, herpes, etc.)  
\_\_\_\_\_ Mycoplasma Pneumoniae Assays  
\_\_\_\_\_ ANA Assays  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

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**ANNUAL VOLUME:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Bacteriology**

\_\_\_\_\_ Gram Stains  
\_\_\_\_\_ Cultures  
\_\_\_\_\_ Sensitivities  
\_\_\_\_\_ Strep Screens  
\_\_\_\_\_ Antigen Assays (chlamydia, etc.)  
\_\_\_\_\_ H. Pylori  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**Mycobacteriology**

\_\_\_\_\_ Acid Fast Smears  
\_\_\_\_\_ Mycobacterial Cultures  
\_\_\_\_\_ Sensitivities  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**Mycology**

\_\_\_\_\_ Fungal Cultures  
\_\_\_\_\_ DTM  
\_\_\_\_\_ KOH Preps  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**Parasitology**

\_\_\_\_\_ Direct Preps  
\_\_\_\_\_ Ova and Parasite Preps  
\_\_\_\_\_ Wet Preps  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

**Virology**-List all procedures performed below (RSV, HPV assays, cell cultures):

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**ANNUAL VOLUME:** \_\_\_\_\_

## Chemistry

### Routine Chemistry

\_\_\_\_ Albumin  
\_\_\_\_ Bilirubin, total  
\_\_\_\_ Bilirubin, direct  
\_\_\_\_ Calcium  
\_\_\_\_ Chloride  
\_\_\_\_ Cholesterol, total  
\_\_\_\_ CO<sub>2</sub>, total  
\_\_\_\_ Creatinine  
\_\_\_\_ Glucose  
\_\_\_\_ pH  
\_\_\_\_ pO<sub>2</sub>  
\_\_\_\_ pCO<sub>2</sub>  
\_\_\_\_ Phosphorus  
\_\_\_\_ Potassium  
\_\_\_\_ Protein, total  
\_\_\_\_ Sodium  
\_\_\_\_ Triglycerides  
\_\_\_\_ BUN  
\_\_\_\_ Uric acid  
\_\_\_\_ ALT/SGPT  
\_\_\_\_ AST/SGOT  
\_\_\_\_ Gamma GGT  
\_\_\_\_ Alk phos  
\_\_\_\_ Amylase  
\_\_\_\_ CPK/CPK isoenzymes  
\_\_\_\_ CKMB  
\_\_\_\_ HDL Cholesterol  
\_\_\_\_ Iron  
\_\_\_\_ LDH  
\_\_\_\_ LDH isoenzymes  
\_\_\_\_ Magnesium  
\_\_\_\_ Ferritin  
\_\_\_\_ Folic acid  
\_\_\_\_ Vitamin B12

### Urinalysis

\_\_\_\_ Automated urinalysis  
\_\_\_\_ Urinalysis with microscopic analysis  
\_\_\_\_ Urine specific gravity by refractometer  
\_\_\_\_ Urine specific gravity by urinometer  
\_\_\_\_ Urine protein by sulfasalicylic acid  
\_\_\_\_ Other

### Endocrinology

\_\_\_\_ TSH  
\_\_\_\_ Free T<sub>4</sub>  
\_\_\_\_ Total T<sub>4</sub>  
\_\_\_\_ Triiodothyronine (T<sub>3</sub>)  
\_\_\_\_ T<sub>3</sub> Uptake  
\_\_\_\_ PSA  
\_\_\_\_ Serum beta-HCG  
\_\_\_\_ Cortisol  
\_\_\_\_ Other

### Toxicology

\_\_\_\_ Acetaminophen  
\_\_\_\_ Blood alcohol  
\_\_\_\_ Carbamazepine  
\_\_\_\_ Digoxin  
\_\_\_\_ Ethosuximide  
\_\_\_\_ Gentamycin  
\_\_\_\_ Lithium  
\_\_\_\_ Phenobarbital  
\_\_\_\_ Phenytoin  
\_\_\_\_ Primidone  
\_\_\_\_ Procainamide  
\_\_\_\_ NAPA  
\_\_\_\_ Quinidine  
\_\_\_\_ Salicylates  
\_\_\_\_ Theophylline  
\_\_\_\_ Tobramycin  
\_\_\_\_ Valproic acid  
\_\_\_\_ Other

**ANNUAL VOLUME FOR ALL CHEMISTRY TESTS:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Hematology**

- ☐ WBC count  
☐ RBC count  
☐ Hemoglobin  
☐ Hematocrit (Other than spun micro)  
☐ Platelet  
☐ Differential  
☐ MCV  
☐ Activated clotting time  
☐ Prothrombin time  
☐ Partial thromboplastin time  
☐ Fibrinogen  
☐ Reticulocyte count  
☐ Manual WBC by hemocytometer  
☐ Manual platelet by hemocytometer  
☐ Manual RBC by hemocytometer  
☐ Sperm count  
☐ Other

ANNUAL VOLUME:

**Radiobioassay**

- ☐ Red cell volume  
☐ Schilling's test  
☐ Other

ANNUAL VOLUME:

**Immunohematology**

- ☐ ABO group  
☐ Rh(D) type  
☐ Antibody screen  
☐ Antibody identification  
☐ Compatibility testing  
☐ Other

ANNUAL VOLUME:

**Pathology**

- ☐ Dermatopathology  
☐ Oral pathology  
☐ PAP smear interpretations  
☐ Other cytology tests  
☐ Histopathology  
☐ Other

ANNUAL VOLUME:

**Cytogenetics**

- ☐ Fragile X  
☐ Buccal smear  
☐ Other

ANNUAL VOLUME:

TOTAL ANNUAL VOLUME FOR ALL TESTING PERFORMED:

**LABORATORY ASSESSMENT:**

**Yes      No**

**PATIENT TEST MANAGEMENT**

4. Does your laboratory—

- |  |                          |                          |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) review policies and procedures for specimen collection, labeling, preservation, and handling for completeness and accuracy? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) verify that these policies are available and followed?  | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

5. Does your laboratory—

- |  |                          |                          |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) evaluate specimen processing for accuracy (e.g., specimen identification, tests ordered, correct specimen type), appropriate handling, and storage? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|

	Yes	No	N/A
b) review specimen rejection criteria and procedures for actions to be taken if criteria are met?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) investigate the cause of the specimen rejection or other specimen processing problems and take action to prevent recurrences?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6. Does your laboratory review a number of test requisitions or patient medical charts to ensure—			
a) completeness relevant to the testing performed and information requested?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) information on the requisitions has been accurately transferred to the test report? (if a separate test requisition is used)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) tests ordered were performed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d) test results were reported to the authorized person?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7. Does your laboratory review—			
a) a number of test reports or medical charts to ensure that test results from worksheets, instrument printouts or electronic transmissions were accurately reported?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) its reporting system to ensure that panic values have been promptly brought to the attention of the authorized person?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8. Does your laboratory's process for reporting results include a mechanism to—			
a) detect and document reporting errors?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) prevent recurrences of reporting errors?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) ensure that corrected reports are issued, documented and maintained?			
9. Does your laboratory maintain and have the capability to retrieve—			
a) patient test results or reports?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) requisitions or test orders?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) instrument printouts, work records, etc.?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d) quality control records, instrument maintenance records, corrective actions records?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<b>NOTE: A <i>patient chart or medical record may meet the requirements for test requisition, test record and test report.</i></b>			
10. Does your laboratory maintain records for a minimum of—			
a) 2 years for test requisitions, worksheets, quality control and patient test reports?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) 5 years for immunohematology (blood bank) records, quality control records and reports?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

	Yes	No	N/A
c) 10 years for pathology reports?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11. Does your laboratory's specimen processing system allow your laboratory to track a specimen from collection to test reporting?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

## QUALITY CONTROL (QC)

12. Are current written procedures available for each test the laboratory performs to ensure accurate and reliable test results including quality control, preventative maintenance, calibrations (if applicable), normal values and test reporting?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
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**NOTE: *Manufacturers' package inserts are sufficient if the instructions meet CLIA's requirements for frequency, number and type of control material and, when applicable, they are supplemented with specific instructions reflecting laboratory practice and are approved by the current laboratory director.***

13. Are all of your laboratory procedures current and approved by the present laboratory director?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
14. Are all test modifications in practice in your laboratory included in the written test procedure and approved by the laboratory director?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15. For new tests or test systems added since the last CLIA survey, did your laboratory verify—			
a) the accuracy of the method?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) that the method met the manufacturer's performance specifications?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16. Does your laboratory follow manufacturers' instructions regarding operation, maintenance and test performance for instruments or test systems?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
17. a) Does your laboratory routinely review a sample of records for all instruments requiring calibration to ensure that calibration and/or calibration verification is performed at least every 6 months?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) Are calibrations performed in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations and/or in accordance with the laboratory's QC policies?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) If calibration fails, does the laboratory follow its policy for corrective action and document it?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
18. Does your laboratory review a sample of tests performed to ensure that—			
a) controls are run at the appropriate level and frequency as specified in the CLIA regulations?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

	Yes	No	N/A
b) controls are within the acceptable range and met your criteria for acceptability?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
19. Does your laboratory ensure that—			
a) patient results are not reported when QC values fail to meet your criteria for acceptability?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) your remedial and corrective action policies and procedures are followed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) your review of remedial and corrective actions are documented?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d) any ineffective policies and procedures are revised and approved by the laboratory director?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

### PROFICIENCY TESTING (PT)

20. Is your laboratory continually enrolled in a CMS approved proficiency testing (PT) program(s), and performing PT for all regulated analytes tested in your laboratory? [see Appendix — for list of regulated PT analytes under CLIA]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
21. Are PT samples tested in the same manner as patient samples, for example—			
a) the same number of times?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) using personnel who routinely perform testing?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) using the laboratory's routine procedure for testing?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d) with routine workload?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
22. In the past 2 years has your laboratory received a report of less than 100% for any PT results?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) If yes, does your laboratory have a plan that includes a mechanism to conduct and document an investigation identifying the cause?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) If yes, did your laboratory take and document corrective action(s) to avoid recurrence?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

***Please submit a copy of your laboratory's corrective action for a PT event in which your laboratory did not receive 100%.***

23. Does your laboratory review patient testing performed at the time of the PT testing event to determine any negative impact such testing errors had on the accuracy of patient testing?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) Is corrective action taken?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

## COMPARISON OF TEST RESULTS

Yes No N/A

24. a) If your laboratory performs the same test by more than one method or instrument, is there a system that, twice a year, compares test results between the instruments or methods?
- b) For tests where PT is not required or is not available, does your laboratory have a mechanism to verify and document, at least twice a year, that test results are accurate?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

## RELATIONSHIP OF PATIENT INFORMATION TO TEST RESULTS

25. Does your laboratory have a mechanism to identify and evaluate patient test results that appear inconsistent with known patient data?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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## PERSONNEL ASSESSMENT

26. Does your laboratory monitor and document employee competence, at least annually, for the tasks they perform?
27. Does your laboratory ensure that testing personnel have a working knowledge of and can perform new tasks required to obtain accurate and reliable test results?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

## COMMUNICATIONS AND COMPLAINT INVESTIGATIONS

28. Does your laboratory have a system in place to monitor, document and resolve communication problems and complaints? (e.g., incorrect test(s) performed, patient name, test results, unacceptable specimens, etc.)
29. Does your laboratory have a system to monitor and document problems that may occur with the reference laboratory used, including specimen handling, test results and reporting?
30. Does your laboratory investigate complaints to determine the cause, take timely actions to remedy the problem and notify the appropriate people?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

## QUALITY ASSURANCE (QA)

31. Does your laboratory—
- a) have a mechanism to assess the findings of all quality assurance activities?
- b) document problems identified and corrective actions taken during QA activities?
- c) document communication of QA findings with staff (i.e., via memos, meeting agendas, meeting minutes, newsletters)?
- d) assess whether the corrective actions taken to prevent recurrences are effective?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



**Yes      No**

32. Are all QA records maintained for a minimum of 2 years?

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***PLEASE NOTE:***

**42 CFR 493.51**

Laboratories issued a certificate of compliance must meet the following regulatory conditions:

- (a) Notify HHS or its designee within 30 days of any changes in (1) ownership (2) name (3) location (4) director or (5) technical supervisor.
- (b) Notify HHS no later than 6 months after instituting any test or examination within a specialty or subspecialty area that is not included on the laboratory's certificate of compliance, so that compliance with requirements can be determined.
- (c) Notify HHS no later than 6 months after any deletions or changes in test methodologies for any test or examination included in a specialty or subspecialty for which the laboratory has been issued a certificate of compliance.

**ATTESTATION:**

I attest that I (or my designee) have truthfully completed and/or verify that this Alternate Quality Assessment Survey accurately reflects the current operations of this laboratory.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Laboratory Director (*sign in ink please*)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Thank you for completing this form. We suggest that you make a copy of your submission for your records.

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

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## AQAS CHECKLIST

PLEASE RETURN THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS IN ONE ENVELOPE TO THE STATE AGENCY  
(see cover letter for address) WITHIN 15 DAYS OF RECEIPT:

- \_\_\_\_\_ THE COMPLETED, SIGNED AND DATED ALTERNATE QUALITY ASSESSMENT SURVEY (AQAS) FORM.
- \_\_\_\_\_ PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS: Please submit a **copy** of the documentation demonstrating the qualifications of any new director, technical supervisor or clinical consultant WITH THE FORM CMS-209, Laboratory Personnel Report (CLIA).
- \_\_\_\_\_ PT-RELATED CORRECTIVE ACTION(S): Please submit a copy of the laboratory's corrective action(s) as requested under question number 22.
- \_\_\_\_\_ ATTESTATION: The AQAS form must be signed and dated by the laboratory director.  
(Page 9 of the AQAS)

# Appendix A

## PROFICIENCY TESTING (PT)

If you are performing testing for any of the analytes or tests listed below, you must be enrolled in PT for those analytes or tests:

### Hematology:

Cell identification or white blood cell differential  
Erythrocyte count  
Hematocrit (excluding spun microhematocrit)  
Hemoglobin (excluding HemaCue)  
Leukocyte count  
Platelet count  
Fibrinogen  
Partial thromboplastin time  
Prothrombin time

### Diagnostic Immunology

*General Immunology*  
Alpha-1-antitrypsin  
Alpha-fetoprotein (tumor marker)  
Antinuclear antibody  
Antistreptolysin O  
Anti-human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)  
Complement C3  
Complement C4  
Hepatitis markers (HBsAg, anti-HBc, HBeAg)  
IgA  
IgG  
IgE  
IgM  
Infectious mononucleosis  
Rheumatoid factor  
Rubella  
*Syphilis Serology*  
Qualitative or quantitative

### Chemistry

*Routine Chemistry (serum, plasma or blood)*  
Alanine aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)  
Albumin  
Alkaline phosphatase  
Amylase  
Aspartate aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)  
Bilirubin, total  
Blood gas (pH, pO<sub>2</sub>, and pCO<sub>2</sub>)  
Calcium, total  
Chloride  
Cholesterol, total  
Cholesterol, high density lipoprotein  
Creatine kinase  
Creatine kinase isoenzymes  
Creatinine  
Glucose (excluding measurements on devices cleared by FDA specifically for home use)  
Iron, total  
Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH)  
LDH isoenzymes  
Magnesium

Potassium  
Sodium  
Total Protein  
Triglycerides  
Urea Nitrogen  
Uric Acid

### Chemistry

*Endocrinology (serum, plasma, blood or urine)*  
Cortisol  
Free Thyroxine  
Human chorionic gonadotropin (excluding color comparison tests for urine specimens)  
T3 Uptake  
Triiodothyronine  
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone  
Thyroxine

### Chemistry

*Toxicology*  
Alcohol (blood)  
Blood lead  
Carbamazepine  
Digoxin  
Ethosuximide  
Gentamicin  
Lithium  
Phenobarbital  
Phenytoin  
Primidone  
Procainamide (and metabolites)  
Quinidine  
Theophylline  
Tobramycin  
Valproic Acid

### Immunohematology:

ABO group (excluding subgroups)  
D(Rho) typing  
Unexpected antibody detection  
Compatibility testing  
Antibody identification

### Microbiology:

Bacteriology  
Mycobacteriology  
Mycology  
Parasitology  
Virology

**Note:** You must be enrolled in PT for the full extent of testing being performed (e.g., gram stain, acid fast stain, direct antigen testing, isolation, identification and susceptibility)

## Appendix B

### GUIDELINES FOR COUNTING TESTS

- For histocompatibility, each HLA typing (including disease associated antigens), HLA antibody screen, or HLA crossmatch is counted as one test.
- For microbiology, susceptibility testing is counted as one test per group of antibiotics used to determine sensitivity for one organism. Cultures are counted as one per specimen regardless of the extent of identification, number of organisms isolated and number of tests/procedures required for identification.
- Testing for allergens should be counted as one test per individual allergen.
- For chemistry profiles, each individual analyte is counted separately.
- For urinalysis, microscopic and macroscopic examinations, each count as one test. Macroscopics (dipsticks) are counted as one test regardless of the number of reagent pads on the strip.
- For complete blood counts, each **measured** individual analyte that is ordered **and reported** is counted separately. Differentials are counted as one test.
- Do not count calculations (i.e., A/G ratio, MCH, and T7), quality control, quality assurance and proficiency testing assays.
- For immunohematology each ABO, Rh, antibody screen, crossmatch or antibody identification is counted as one test.
- For histopathology, each block (not slide) is counted as one test. Autopsy services are not included. For those laboratories that perform special stains on histology slides, the test volume is determined by adding the number of special stains performed on slides to the total number of specimen blocks prepared by the laboratory.
- For cytology, each slide (not case) is counted as one test for both Pap smears and nongynecologic cytology.
- For cytogenetics, the number of tests is determined by the number of specimen types processed on each patient; i.e., a bone marrow and a venous blood specimen received on one patient is counted as two tests.